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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/196,185	11/20/1998	MYUNG-KEO HUR	6192.0052.AA	8847

7590 05/28/2002

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[REDACTED] EXAMINER

QI, ZHI QIANG

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
2871	

DATE MAILED: 05/28/2002

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	<b>Application No.</b>	<b>Applicant(s)</b>
	09/196,185	HUR ET AL.
	<b>Examiner</b>	<b>Art Unit</b>
	Mike Qi	2871

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

#### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

#### Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 May 2002.
- 2a) This action is FINAL.      2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

#### Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-3,6-13 and 18-20 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 4,5,14-17,21 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

#### Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.  
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

#### Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) All b) Some \* c) None of:
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).  
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

#### Attachment(s)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)                  | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____  |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)         | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____                                    |

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. Claims 4-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over JP 8-254680 in view of US 6,219,125 (Ishikura et al).

Claim 4, JP 8-254680 discloses (col.3, line 42 - col.4, line 17 and Fig.2) that the metal lines (wire) (scanning lines and signal lines) (113) made of molybdenum (Mo), and have a second supplementary layer (115) made of the Mo-alloy and located on the metal wire, and such metal layer has a good chemical resistance and protection to prevent the external influence, and it is especially suitable for protecting the metal layer from chemicals.

The supplementary layer is located either on or under the entire wire, that is to increase the thickness of the metal wire, so as to improve the corrosion resistance, so that decreasing the wire disconnection, and that was at least obvious.

Ishikura discloses (col.3, line 55 - col.4, line 46) that in each metal electrode (3, also is a wire), the adhesive layer (11, also is a wire) preferably comprise a metal Mo or alloy, and a layer of metal nitride would further improve the adhesiveness between the glass substrate and the metal electrodes (3); and a protective layer (13, also is a wire) preferably comprise a metal Mo or

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alloy, and a layer of metal nitride would increase a surface roughness of the metal electrodes (3),  
thus enhancing an electrical conduction with the transparent electrodes (5).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to those skilled in the art at time the invention was made to arrange a wire layer made of Mo or alloy and a supplementary layer on or under the wire layer using Mo nitride or alloy nitride as claimed in claim 4 for improving the corrosion resistance, improving the adhesiveness and enhancing the electrical conduction with electrodes.

Claim 5, JP 8-254680 discloses (abstract and Fig.2) that the supplementary layer (115) comprising tungsten.

3. Claims 14-17 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant admitted prior art in view of JP 8-254680 and US 6,219,125 (Ishikura et al) .

Claims 14 and 21, Applicant admitted prior art (col.1, lines 11-22) indicated that in general, an LCD has:

- a substrate (insulating substrate, e.g., glass);
- a gate wire formed on the substrate;
- a gate insulating layer covering the gate wire;
- a data wire formed on the gate insulating layer;
- a passivation layer formed on the data wire;
- an ITO pixel electrode formed on the passivation layer and connected to the data wire (the drain electrode) through the contact hole.

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Applicant admitted prior art does not expressly disclose the data wire is made of either molybdenum or molybdenum alloy, and a supplementary data wire is located either on or under the entire data wire and made of either molybdenum nitride or molybdenum alloy nitride.

However, JP 8-254680 discloses (col.3, line 42 - col.4, line 17 and Fig.2) that the metal lines (scanning lines and signal lines) made of molybdenum (Mo), and have the second supplementary layer (115) made of the Mo-alloy and located on the metal wire, and such metal layer has a good chemical resistance and protection to prevent the external influence, and it is especially suitable for protecting the metal layer from chemicals.

The supplementary layer is located either on or under the entire wire, that is to increase the thickness of the metal wire, so as to improve the corrosion resistance, so that decreasing the wire disconnection.

Ishikura discloses (col.3, line 55 - col.4, line 46) that in each metal electrode (3, also is a wire), the adhesive layer (11, also is a wire) preferably comprise a metal Mo or alloy, and a layer of metal nitride would further improve the adhesiveness between the glass substrate and the metal electrodes (3); and a protective layer (13, also is a wire) preferably comprise a metal Mo or alloy, and a layer of metal nitride would increase a surface roughness of the metal electrodes (3), thus enhancing an electrical conduction with the transparent electrodes (5).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to those skilled in the art at time the invention was made to arrange a wire layer made of Mo or alloy and a supplementary layer on or under the wire

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layer using Mo nitride or alloy nitride as claimed in claims 14 and 21 for improving the corrosion resistance, improving the adhesiveness and enhancing the electrical conduction with electrodes.

Claims 15-17, JP 8-254680 discloses (abstract; col.3, line 42 - col.4, line 17; Fig.2) that the supplementary layer (115) comprising tungsten, and the supplementary gate layer (115) is located on the gate wire (113) and made of Mo-alloy, and such metal layer has a good chemical resistance and protection to prevent the external influence, and it is especially suitable for protecting the metal layer from chemicals.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to those skilled in the art at time the invention was made to use a supplementary layer as claimed in claims 15-17 for achieving high corrosion resistance and especially for protecting the metal layer from chemicals.

### *Conclusion*

4. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mike Qi whose telephone number is (703)308-6213 .

Mike Qi  
May 17, 2002.

TOANTON  
PRIMARY EXAMINER